文匯報
WEN WEI PO
經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號
香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物
一九八九年五月30日 星期二
港字第一四六五○號
今日出紙十張半 售二元

京高校聯四項決議 廣場靜坐將續堅持

天安門前學生連夜趕造「民主女神」塑像

【香港中通社二十九日電】北京高校自治聯合會秘書長王有才今天表示，雖然面臨嚴重的困難，但在天安門廣場進行的靜坐請願行動將會堅持下去。

王有才在高校聯設於北大的總部之內接受本社記者採訪時介紹說，高校聯八名現任常委昨晚在總部再次召開了會議，會議作出了四項決議：一、廣場靜坐請願將繼續堅持下去；二、繼續全面罷課；三是號召同學離校宣傳；四是致力於使全高校聯組織，提高對學運的領導能力。王有才表示，與會的八名常委達成的一致意見認為，廣場已成為海內外關注的焦點，成為中國人民爭取民主鬥爭的象徵，所以在廣場進行靜坐請願行動必須繼續堅持下去。

他說，高校聯和廣場統一指揮部將會加強廣場靜坐的組織工作，其中包括組織同學輪換堅持靜坐活動，清理廣場衛生，維持秩序和加強宣傳工作等。

【本報記者組北京三十日凌晨電】為堅持天安門廣場靜坐請願學生和群眾的精神，中央美術學院等院校一批學生昨日傍晚運送了一個名叫「民主女神」像到天安門廣場，並打算放在天安門廣場北面，面對毛澤東畫像不遠之處。

這個「民主女神」像高十米，材料以發泡膠和石膏混合而成，造型類似紐約的自由女神，女神神情肅穆，雙手高舉火炬。「民主女神」像將會在今晨九時舉行慶祝落成儀式。

今日凌晨天安門廣場北面已擺起一個十多米高的鐵架，把民主女神像上身、半身和下身結構架起，學生將通宵倒石膏完成。

民主女神 中央美術學院的學生昨日在天安門廣場連夜趕製「民主女神」像。（本報北京傳真）

應彭真邀請出席座談會 民主黨派首腦談政局 盼肯定學生愛國熱情

建議調動一切積極因素穩定局勢恢復秩序

【本報訊】據新華社、中新社北京廿九日電，前任人大常委會委員長彭真受中共中央委託，於廿六日下午邀請全國人大常委會副委員長中的民主黨派、工商聯負責人座談，通報當前的局勢。

參加座談會的七位副委員長是：民革中央主席朱學範，民盟中央主席費孝通，民建中央主席孫起孟，民進中央主席雷潔瓊，農工黨中央名譽主席周谷城，九三學社中央名譽主席嚴濟慈，全國工商聯主席榮毅仁。

他們在發言中對當前的局勢深表憂慮，贊同彭真提出的以事實為依據，以憲法和法律為準繩來統一思想。他們說，民主黨派同中國共產黨長期合作，風雨同舟，今天彭真同志敦請我們座談通報了有關情況，進一步體現了共產黨同民主黨派肝膽相照的關係，體現了共產黨領導的多黨合作制度。

他們中央主席提出建議，必須充分肯定並且堅決保護廣大學生的愛國熱情，他們對許多重大問題提出的合理要求，同共產黨和人民政府努力實現的目標是一致的，要嚴格區別極少數人和絕大多數人，要把極少數人和絕大多數區別開來，調動一切積極因素，團結大多數，做好各方面的工作，盡快恢復社會的正常秩序。

他們殷切希望學生盡快返校復課。

中共中央政治局候補委員丁關根，中央書記處書記、中央統戰部部長閻明復參加了座談。

殷切期望學生復課 加强民主政治建設

要求在民主法制軌道上解決問題

若出現親蘇動向 溫元凱稱非好事

指出全方位開放不可逆轉

【本報記者組北京廿九日電】合肥大學教授溫元凱今日批評有關方面可能出現的親蘇傾向。

他指出，中國向全方位開放，包括西方資本主義國家，已是不可逆轉的既定事實，如果一下子不照顧現有的對外關係而變為親蘇，並非好事。

港赴京聲援團 決暫凍結捐款

學生組織總務散財政不健全

【本報記者組北京二十九日電】香港專上學聯赴京聲援團今日決定暫時凍結捐給北京學運學生的百多萬元港幣的捐款。香港專上學聯秘書長吳小英解釋是由於天安門廣場總指揮部的財政結構過於鬆散，學運本身出現嚴重分裂，暫時沒有一個值得依賴的機構。

今次學聯赴京聲援團帶的捐款包括學聯本身籌得港幣九十萬元，四‧五行動組織籌得五十萬元港幣和民促會何俊仁的十八萬元人民幣。吳小英表示，今次凍結的捐款會考慮轉為購買第二批支援物資，包括醫藥、睡袋和藥物。

今起結束示威行動 滬學生採「空校」活動

當局密切注意商如何恢復教學秩序

【本報記者組上海二十九日電】上海市高校自治聯合會昨日作出決定，自五月三十日起結束非暴力的示威活動，開始非暴力的不合作活動，即「空校」活動。

北大九學子 集體剃光頭

【本報記者組北京二十九日電】北京大學九名生物系的學生今日集體剃光頭靜坐，抗議當局的現行做法。

彭真強調不能搞人治

任何人不能超越憲法和法律

望民主黨派想辦法做學生工作恢復秩序

【中新社北京二十九日電】彭真五月二十六日在部份民主黨派負責人座談會上說，現在思想比較亂，有各式各樣的口號、各式各樣的看法、主張，各式各樣的綱領等等，問題隔日持久得不到解決。思想要怎麼統一？我們有憲法和法律，應該也必須以事實為根據，以憲法和法律為準繩來統一思想。不能再像「文化大革命」那樣「和尚打傘，無法無天」了。

學生結束靜坐返校 湘鄂部份高校復常

六名暨大絕食學生身體已康復

削髮明志

北京大學九名學生昨日削髮明志。·本報北京傳真·

圍城軍隊糧餉不足 當局指令民間籌集

封從德向記者透露 學生運用捐款 出現貪污現象

懇請珍惜學運聲譽

·本報記者組·

北京專電

（北京廿九日電）



Asian Newspaper Congress award winner

The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | TUESDAY, MAY 30, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

INSIDE

America's Democrats prepare for turmoil over ethics questions in which the looming resignation of Speaker Jim Wright is just one of their problems. This and more in AMERICA TODAY

Liftout

Conflict



As China works through another political crisis, a young American woman is at university in Chengdu studying past conflicts. Winsome Lane talks to Judy Wyman on

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Travel



Travel to the remotest parts of Indonesia on

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Better jobs for everyone every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section

Drugs

An American expert praises Hongkong for leading the world in rehabilitating drug addicts

Page 3

Crime

Frogmen find a gun believed to be connected with a robbery last week

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Iran

The leadership battle intensifies in Iran with a defiant open letter by Ayatollah Hussein Ali Montazeri to Ayatollah Khomeini amid reports that the Imam has had a heart attack

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Students receive corruption complaints

By Fan Cheuk-wan in Beijing

STUDENT leaders in Beijing yesterday admitted they had received complaints of corruption and wastage of money donated from around the world.

Student representatives in Hongkong told *The Hongkong Standard* that they would withhold HK$1.5 million in donations, taken to Beijing last week, until they were assured the Beijing students had established a reliable way to administer their finances.

Mr Feng Congde, deputy commander of the students' General Office of Tiananmen Square, said the office had received complaints and warnings from students suspecting corruption and wastage of donations.

"The current financial management is very confusing. Corruption has been reported by students, but we have not collected concrete evidence," he said.

Mr Feng said it was difficult to supervise the use of donations since the students did not have an effective monitoring organisation.

"There was no clear record of the money used to purchase materials and food. Some students failed to provide receipts," he said, adding that thousands of yuan were spent without proper records.

To eliminate the risk of corruption, he suggested overseas donors use money raised to buy materials for the students instead of sending cash.

He said the financial department of the General Command Office would set up a supervisory group.

Mr Feng said the office had raised 105,384 yuan (HK$220,000) since May 24 from citizens in Beijing, but the students needed at least 50,000 yuan each day.

The office had only received 9,000 yuan from the Autonomous Federation of Beijing University Students, he said.

Because of this, the office had to borrow 30,000 yuan from Beijing University's Autonomous Student Union to maintain operations on the square.

"I don't know the whereabouts of a large part of the donations given to the Autonomous Federation of Beijing University Students and it has made no financial report to the students at the square," he said.

A delegation sent by the Hongkong Federation of Students to Beijing last Saturday took the HK$1.5 million raised by the federation and the April Fifth Movement, and another HK$370,000 raised by the Hongkong Affairs Society.

But Miss Helia S Y Hai, deputy secretary-general of the Hongkong Federation of Students, said: "The Beijing students' organisation is rather confusing and we did not meet any financial administrators from the Autonomous Federation of Beijing University Students."

Miss Hai said the Beijing students now had a greater need for materials and daily necessities than cash. Her delegation took 200 tents and 200 sleeping bags for students at the square.

Meanwhile some fundraisers in Hongkong plan to continue sending money to China even after the Tiananmen Square demonstration ends.

They have raised $7 million so far, of which $900,000 was sent to the students in the square last week. Another $800,000 was taken to the capital yesterday by a member of the students' federation after a call for help.

ASSOCIATED PRESS

■ Students in Tiananmen Square decorate new tents with a banner and Mao portrait. The tents were donated by Hongkong students

China loan frozen by unrest fears

By Lotte Chow of our Business Desk

A HK$936 million loan to China's state-owned oil refining company has been shelved by a consortium of US and Japanese banks worried by the country's current political instability.

In a move that reflects sinking foreign confidence, a US-Japanese banking group has suspended HK$936 million worth of loans to China Petro-Chemical Corporation, a state-owned refinery operation.

It marks a setback in China's vast modernisation campaign, which had drawn investments of HK$15.6 billion in more than 500 projects from the Japanese, and another HK$26.5 billion from US enterprises investing in 800 joint ventures.

"It's a sensitive situation, and I don't want to comment on it at this time," said a Hongkong-based official of Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, one of the possible lenders in the consortium. He asked his name be withheld.

The consortium, consisting of six or seven members, includes Morgan Guaranty Trust, the Industrial Bank of Japan, Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, the Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, all of which have branch offices in Hongkong.

Earlier this month, the banking group reached an agreement with China to lend money to the Beijing-based petrochemical company. The firm has 40 major refineries in China and about 520,000 workers.

Under the agreement, the loans would have been made for seven years and carry an interest rate of several percentage points higher than the London interbank rate.

But since the news of massive student protests broke, the finance group has frozen the loans, says Kyodo News Service.

However, the freeze is said to be temporary, and the US and Japanese banks are reported to be taking a wait-and-see attitude.

China Petro-Chemical officials could not be reached for comment yesterday.

Established in 1983, the operation has 72 subsidiaries throughout China. Its registered capital and assets are HK$44.1 billion while total sales are HK$271 billion.

US investors are taking a wait-and-see approach before making any major changes to their business strategies in China, commented a Beijing director of the US-China Business Council.

"My opinion is that everybody is waiting and watching, continuing on the assumption that it is business as usual" said Mr John Frisbie.

He said foreign corporations want to see if any changes occur in the Chinese leadership, or if there is any shift in China's policy towards foreign investment after six weeks of student upheaval.

But Mr Frisbie said it is not the worst scenario from a businessman's point of view – violent clashes involving troops.

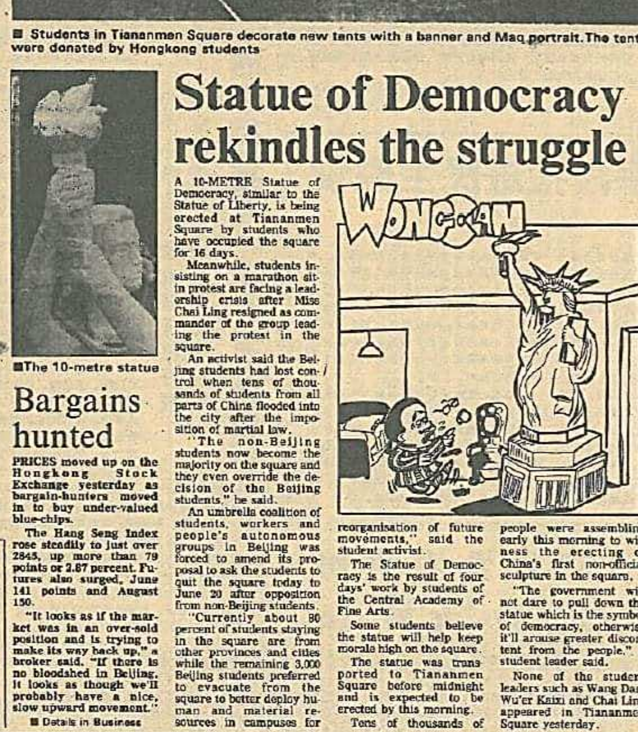
Japan's Foreign Minister Mr Sousuke Uno said Tokyo was closely monitoring events in China but was otherwise holding firm to its China policy.

Chinese authorities had previously insisted the open door policy would not change.

But the setback in the Japanese-US loan comes as trade between China and Japan is already suffering from an anti-inflation austerity programme initiated by Beijing in March.

"If Zhao Ziyang is out, there will be less encouragement for foreign investment," an analyst at Nomura Research Institute had said.

INSIDE:
■ Hongkong donations will continue; Food for political thought; How tourism is being affected: Page 5 ▶
■ Why purge announcement is delayed; Computer solves a trash problem; Diplomats puzzled by anti-protest overkill: Page 6 ▶
■ Why Zhao had to go, by Yang Shangkun; Lone poster on a forgotten wall of protest; Deng keeps analysts guessing: Page 7 ▶



■The 10-metre statue

Bargains hunted

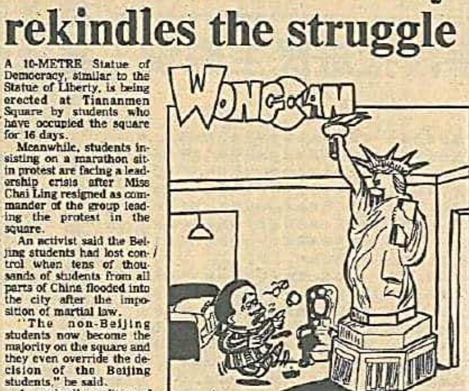
PRICES moved up on the Hongkong Stock Exchange yesterday as bargain-hunters moved in to buy under-valued blue-chips.

The Hang Seng Index rose steadily to just over 2845, up more than 79 points or 2.87 percent. Futures also surged, June 141 points and August 150.

"It looks as if the market was in an over-sold position and is trying to make its way back up," a broker said. "If there is no bloodshed in Beijing, it looks as though we'll probably have a nice, slow upward movement."

■ Details in Business

Statue of Democracy rekindles the struggle



A 10-METRE Statue of Democracy, similar to the Statue of Liberty, is being erected at Tiananmen Square by students who have occupied the square for 16 days.

Meanwhile, students insisting on a marathon sit-in protest are facing a leadership crisis after Miss Chai Ling resigned as commander of the group leading the protest in the square.

An activist said the Beijing students had lost control when tens of thousands of students from all parts of China flooded into the city after the imposition of martial law.

"The non-Beijing students now become the majority on the square and they even override the decision of the Beijing students," he said.

An umbrella coalition of students, workers and people's autonomous groups in Beijing was forced to amend its proposal to ask the students to quit the square today to June 20 after opposition from non-Beijing students.

"Currently about 80 percent of students staying in the square are from other provinces and cities while the remaining 3,000 Beijing students preferred to evacuate from the square to better deploy human and material resources in campuses for reorganisation of future movements," said the student activist.

The Statue of Democracy is the result of four days' work by students of the Central Academy of Fine Arts.

Some students believe the statue will help keep morale high on the square.

The statue was transported to Tiananmen Square before midnight and is expected to be erected by this morning.

Tens of thousands of people were assembling early this morning to witness the erecting of China's first non-official sculpture in the square.

"The government will not dare to pull down the statue which is the symbol of democracy, otherwise it'll arouse greater discontent from the people," a student leader said.

None of the student leaders such as Wang Dan, Wu'er Kaixi and Chai Ling appeared in Tiananmen Square yesterday.

Tents set up for new Viet arrivals

By Pamela Ngai

TENTS are to be erected on Stonecutters Island to accommodate boat people.

The measure was part of an emergency package to cope with the latest upsurge of Vietnamese boat people arriving in Hongkong.

Tents have been erected in the Whitehead Detention Centre in Sha Tin but this would be the first time they had been used on Stonecutters Island.

Refugee Co-ordinator, Mr Mike Hanson, yesterday told members of the Omelco Security Panel that additional tents would be erected at Whitehead to boost the camp's capacity.

Whitehead yesterday held 5,376 boat people, already above the official capacity of 4,000.

Another measure was to advance the conversion of Lo Wu army camp to boat people accommodation from the end of June to next week.

But the whole package would only provide 3,000 extra places, which could be filled within a week if arrivals continued at the present rate.

Councillor Mr Hui Yin-fat said after the meeting that they had been told the Government had no other accommodation available.

The Government had opted for tents because they were readily available, Mr Hui said.

They were told the Government had to live from day to day in coping with the Vietnamese influx, he said.

Security Branch officials would have to work out further emergency plans for next week, he said.

Mr Hui said councillors were annoyed and frustrated at not being able to do anything about the situation.

"It's not the cost alone, but we just don't have any more accommodation whatsoever for them," he said.

Turning to violence at refugee camps, Mr Hui said he was very worried, especially in view of the proposed changes to speed up procedures to deal with appeals from boat people who had been refused refugee status.

"If they fail in their appeal, they will have nothing more to lose because they know their destination is back to Vietnam. I think more violence will ensue," he said.

He said the Government might have to take a serious look at whether a particular group was creating trouble in the camps.

"If there is a consistently difficult group, I suppose we have to call for a report. And certainly we should take appropriate action to handle this group."

Mr Hui also said Omelco members would discuss at their Friday in-house meeting a paper which summarised their views on the boat people issue.

"We will try our best to arm the Governor with information that truly reflects the views of Hongkong people before he goes to the Geneva conference," he said.

■ Refugee stabbed, US petitioned Page 4

Yeltsin elected to Supreme Soviet

MOSCOW: Kremlin rebel Boris Yeltsin was elected to the Soviet Union's new inner parliament, the Supreme Soviet, yesterday, after one of its members stepped down in his favour.

Mr Yeltsin, a former junior member of the ruling Politburo, had failed to secure a place in the 542-seat chamber on Saturday, provoking mass demonstrations in the capital.

On the fourth day of its inaugural session, the Congress of People's Deputies approved by an overwhelming show of hands an offer by Alexei Kazannick, a deputy from the Siberian city of Omsk, to step down.

This followed a vote by deputies on a formula by President Mikhail Gorbachev according to which Mr Yeltsin would automatically take a place in the Supreme Soviet if an existing member stood down.

– Reuter

■ Gorbachev aide elected vice-president: Page 10

Bush unveils sweeping arms reduction proposal

■ Mr Bush proposes a 275,000 troop ceiling for both the United States and the Soviet Union in Europe.

BRUSSELS: President George Bush announced a major shift in US disarmament policy at the Nato summit yesterday, proposing a 20 percent cut in US combat troops in Europe and negotiated limits on aircraft and tanks.

Mr Bush told a news conference at the headquarters of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (Nato), where he had joined other Western leaders for a summit marking the 40th anniversary of the alliance, that he was proposing a 275,000 troop ceiling for both the United States and the Soviet Union in Europe.

Under the proposal the Soviets would have to withdraw 325,000 troops back to the Urals, the president said. The US would withdraw about 30,000 troops, 20 percent of US combat forces in Europe but only about 10 percent of the total of about 305,000 American troops on the continent.

Mr Bush's troop ceiling is 75,000 men lower than the most recent Soviet proposal on conventional forces presented earlier this month, which called for US and Soviet strength in Europe to fall to 350,000 by 1997. Mr Bush called for the cuts to be negotiated quickly and completed by 1993.

"Eyes wide open and here we go now, on the offensive," Mr Bush told reporters after presenting his plan to Nato leaders, "with a proposal that is good and tests whether the Soviets will move toward balance or whether they insist on retaining an unacceptable conventional force imbalance".

Asked if his disarmament plan would speed up the prospect of a superpower summit, Mr Bush responded, "I hadn't thought of it ... in this connection, but I would not rule it out. We'll see how it's digested in Moscow. I hope favourably."

A senior administration official told reporters that Mr Bush sent a letter outlining his proposals to Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev on Sunday.

Acknowledging his administration "has taken a little bit of a hammering" for not matching Mr Gorbachev's recent arms control initiatives, Mr Bush said the Soviet response to the ideas he presented could determine whether the Kremlin is interested in arms reduction or in rhetoric.

Mr Bush challenged the Soviets to formally accept Nato-proposed numerical limits on tanks, armoured vehicles and artillery and, for the first time, said the administration agreed to add troops and aircraft to the negotiations, as favoured by Moscow.

He also urged an accelerated timetable for completion of the Vienna talks on conventional forces in six months to a year, with the negotiated cuts implemented by 1992 or 1993.

"If the Soviet Union accepts this fair offer, the results would dramatically increase stability on the (European) continent and transform the military map of Europe," Mr Bush said. "We can and must begin now to set out a new vision for Europe for the end of the century."

US officials predicted quick Nato endorsement of Mr Bush's proposals and support was quickly voiced.

One of the first to speak up was West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl, Mr Bush's principal antagonist in the recent standoff within the alliance over negotiations on the future of short-range nuclear weapons in Europe.

"With this great initiative for rapidly reducing conventional arms, President Bush has today paved the way for further success of our alliance," Mr Kohl said. "I congratulate him on this far-sighted step."

An aide quoted British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher as saying Mr Bush's proposal had "transformed the summit".

At the summit's formal opening ceremony, Nato Secretary-General Manfred Woerner said the 1949 North Atlantic Treaty had brought the longest period of peace in Europe since Roman times.

He urged Nato to seize the opportunities presented by changes in the Soviet bloc, which he said represented a triumph for Western values.

"The East is turning to the West – 150 years after the Communist Manifesto, communism has manifestly failed ... The post-war world, as we have known it, is coming to an end," Mr Woerner said. But he warned the leaders against complacency.

"Even with the most optimistic outcome of developments in East-West relations, we will face, for many years to come, a formidable and unpredictable military power as our neighbour."

UPI, Reuter

INSIDE:
■ Thatcher stresses importance of short-range nuclear forces to Nato: Page 10 ▶
■ Arms squabble; consensus crumbling; and Germany's power card: Page 13 ▶

快報
督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五二六號
夏曆四月廿六收日・宜移居交易
一九八九年五月三十日・星期二
今天天氣：吹東風・多雲有驟雨
是日氣溫：介乎廿四至廿七度之間
每份六張半　零售二元正
EXPRESS

老人帮爭權「鬥摠」 鄧小平將成大輸家

批趙下層阻力大 使黨政軍陷分裂

(快報消息) 中共高層的政治鬥爭，並未因趙紫陽的失勢而明朗化，相反鬥爭有更趨激烈的可能。因為鄧派鬥的派系鬥爭，已導致中共的老人幫勢力抬頭，把鬥爭矛頭由趙紫陽進一步指向鄧小平。此外，由於批趙的工作，在中共的中、下階層受到很大的阻力，導致黨、政、軍方面，已就批趙的工作方針出現分裂。

據可靠消息來源透露，雖然趙紫陽下台已成定局，然趙的「白頭文件」亦已下達多時，但一直未能由黨中央正式公布。相反最近更有三份不同的「白頭文件」向下傳達，內容方面較第一份文件有極大的差異，而三者間也有顯著的差異。由於這三份文件，分別由黨政軍的不同系統向下傳達，可能反映出三個系統間的意見分歧，從而潛伏新的政治鬥爭危機。

消息來源表示，楊尚昆批趙的文件，是由楊尚昆與姜石分發後策劃，從由中央軍委向下傳達；至於國務院系統的文件，則由姚依林起草，中共黨內的傳達，則是由李鵬起草的文件。這三份文件與第一份把趙紫陽說成為「七大錯」反黨、反革命集團的文件，最明顯的差異是同樣把打擊的範圍收窄，只是指向趙紫陽一人，其他胡啟立等六人，已不再把他們定為發動動亂的罪名，只是思想上犯錯誤。至於趙紫陽方面，則要為胡績偉私人在軍方的勢力，持續改革的錯誤導致物價飛漲，及未有加強思想教育，導致黨、國形勢失控，有更從嚴中共分裂等罪名。

消息來源強調，雖然三份「白頭文件」批趙的口徑是一致的，但對於各自控制的範圍，亦有互相對立的情形，分別指責李鵬在國務院領導工作的錯誤，姚依林的經濟政策過於保守，及楊尚昆任用私人與容許軍隊進行官倒等，顯示三方面所代表的勢力，均希望這次政治鬥爭能成功奪權，至於姿態和公開分裂，並可能在下月二十日召開的人大常委會議中，令中共領導層的權力，受到重大的挑戰。

消息來源指出，目前更具關鍵性的問題，就是鄧小平這次要借助「老人幫」的勢力，才能打倒趙紫陽系統，而老人幫透過李鵬之口，指明鄧小平將過五十年的改革負全責，又透過楊尚昆之口指鄧小平在過去十年間亦犯有嚴重錯誤，從而追查部署一次新的政治鬥爭，把矛頭由趙紫陽進一步指向鄧小平，指其缺乏能力去領導黨政的工作，引發學生、群眾的不滿情緒，從而走回由陳雲、彭真等保守的經濟政策，並收緊對政治及思想上的控制，楊尚昆暗示入京的軍隊，要在北京過冬，極可能是在老人幫的支持下，以武力迫使鄧小平與趙紫陽一併下台，使老人幫可由幕後重新走上幕前，使中共的政治鬥爭提升至一個新的層次。

三巨頭各懷鬼胎
上圖：鄧小平
中圖：陳雲
下圖：彭真

快語
鄧小平為何仍不出聲

北京的學生領袖吾爾開希雖已被罷免，但最近他接受電視台的訪問，仍然辭鋒銳利，一方面自承錯誤，對客觀形勢估計失當，另一方面則執指大罵李鵬，認為他要比李鵬好，因為李鵬不肯認錯。對於趙紫陽是否下台一事，他表示不感興趣，鄧個上、鄧個下，沒有多大關係，他指出「共產黨只是一種人。」說得甚好。如今天安門廣場上的學生只剩下數千人，但駐守北京城外的軍隊並無撤走跡象，且還傳聞準備緊急過多。

這些軍隊駐守的目的何在，已是不言而喻了。必須指出，學生運動與權力鬥爭是有所區別的。若把趙紫陽當作是學運的大旗手，便會歪曲視聽。事實上，學運初期，也曾出現「打倒趙紫陽」的口號。學運是以民主為內容，所爭取的是制度的改革，不是又來人的當權。民主不會迷信權威，只會重視民眾的力量。因此趙紫陽下台與否，並不重要。倘若制度不改，四個堅持依舊，即使換出了趙紫陽，焉知他不會變成第二個大權在握的鄧小平呢？

如今的學生運動，已化為長期性的民主運動，預料持續不息，使中國有交希望。但黨內的權力鬥爭，剎那間於另一條戰線，把它與學生運動區別，可以看清思想上的迷霧。現時共黨內的權力鬥爭，頗有點撲朔迷離之感。

前晚在北京王府井大街貼出的大字報，揭露中共國家主席及軍委會副主席楊尚昆近日在一次軍委緊急擴大會議上的講話內容，指鄧小平承認一生中最大的錯誤是任用胡耀邦和趙紫陽。

講話內容又提到一些黨內元老曾聚首討論，說我要堅持「四．二六社論」的方針，說為已無退路，「退就是我們垮台，就是要復辟資本主義。」這些元老包括鄧小平、陳雲、彭真、鄧穎超、王震、李先念等，都是八十歲以上的老人。楊尚昆的講話大談元老意見，少提李鵬，說明李鵬在整件事只是一名「小卒」，是「嘍囉」，是被推上台前的人物，基本上仍是中南海的一班老人把持大局。

北京的老人，已一個復一個地跳出來表態，首先是中央顧問委員會主任陳雲的講話，指出動亂出現並非偶然，是由於放鬆了馬克思主義教育，和削弱了黨的思想政治工作。繼而是政協主席李先念的講話，表示「造成中國當前這種複雜局面的一個重要原因，是共產黨內部個別人」。他又說長期以來，四項堅持和反對資產階級自由化的正確方針，沒有得到很好的貫徹執行，造成了一定程度的思想混亂。昨晚中央電視台又引用了彭真的講話，強調統一思想的重要性。」這些保守老人如此搭聲，大有保守派回朝的迹象，發展下去，很可能因為趙紫陽的問題，連鄧小平的權位亦難保。

令人奇怪的是，鄧小平自五月十七日會見戈巴卓夫後，至今仍未露面，仍不表態，這種「縮頭烏龜」的作風，似乎不是鄧小平的本色。一個假設是，他有待大局全定，才正式拍板定案；另一個假設則是，鄧小平日身也陷於保守派重重包圍之中。回顧八六年的學潮，把胡耀邦撤職，究竟出於鄧小平的主意，還是他採取棄車保帥之計，向保守派妥協的結果呢？假若當年是妥協策略，則今次的趙紫陽事件，鄧小平若受保守派圍攻，趙紫陽明顯會把他捲入漩渦，何況鄧小平與陳雲早存有矛盾，眾所週知。

若保守派再度掌權，對學潮有何影響？我們明天再來分析。

「民主之神」進駐天安門

(快報北京消息) 北京天安門廣場昨晚再度聚集了二、三萬的群眾，歡迎一座由中央美術學院雕製，高逾十米，準備安放在廣場內的巨型雕像——「民主之神」進場。

據在場的學生估計，由於雕像非常巨大，恐怕要花六小時才能把它豎起，對着天安門城樓的巨型毛澤東遺像，為了使雕像穩固些，他們還會為雕像做一個巨型的座。

學生計劃把該雕像安放在天安門廣場內，直至六月二十日，他們為雕像舉行了一項揭幕儀式。大約有二十名學生在兩日內日以繼夜地工作，以完成這個塑像。他們用的材料非常特別，是一批批大型發泡膠，分開頭、身及手臂三個部分來雕塑。在場雕塑的學生對本報表示，用發泡膠一來快捷方便，二來有創意，他們竣工之後用兩白布覆蓋，再安天緊貼雕像，以保護塑像不被風雨破壞。



中國自由神像：北京學生仿照美國自由神像，塑造出一個中國自由神像，豎放在天安門廣場上。(路透社圖片)

李鵬忠告友好國家 不容干預中國內政

(路透社馬尼拉廿九日電) 菲律賓外交部消息人士今天說，中共總理李鵬警告，如果其他國家想與中共保持良好關係，就不要插手中國大陸的政治動盪。

消息人士引述菲律賓駐北京大使蘇里茲說，五月廿五日李鵬接見和，是西哥和尼日利亞新任大使時表示，中國大陸發生的事純屬中國內部的事，因此不要大肆下結論。」蘇里茲在電報中說：「一些人士看法乃針對美國，但也希望菲律賓……任。」

高層大小會天天開 鄧小平家變會議室
趙紫陽曾出席軍委擴大會議

(快報採訪組北京報道) 據本報獲悉，中共高層近日會議頻頻，大會則在解放軍總後勤部召開，小會則在鄧小平家召開，且與會的一班老頭都集中住在中南海，以便聯繫。

至於先前被召上京開會的各省領導人，目前已返回所屬省份，向下級傳達批趙的白頭文件。

消息人士指出，黨總書記趙紫陽本月廿四日曾參加了軍委擴大會議，會上國家主席兼軍委常委副主席楊尚昆嚴厲批評趙紫陽處理學運不當，背離中央政策，但趙沒有發言。

消息稱，趙紫陽目前在醫院養病，李鵬則指他表現尚好，曾往探望，趙氏的發言能否仍有上班，但卻不會事。

各省的領導，則已把集合李鵬、楊尚昆等批評學潮和趙紫陽以及政協李先念和人大委員長萬里的兩份的白頭文件（中央非正式的文件），帶回省去，向下級做功夫，加以宣傳。

由於目前仍是非常時期，北京市委主要部門都集中一起住，不能回家，以便有事時方便通知，元老們則以同樣理由，集中住在中南海。

雖然暫時未有「黑手」被捕，但他們的學生行徑，均受到監視。

新華門外絕食 今日有數千人

(快報採訪組北京報道) 天安門廣場學生指揮部總指揮柴玲的辭職，昨終獲高校代表接納，由現在北大自治會常委會主席楊濤接任。

三百多個高校代表，昨晚作出上述決定，廣場的晚上進行選舉時，部分北京學生給一些不守紀律的人搗亂，被迫提早十五分鐘結束集會。昨晚有市高聯與外校聯三百多名代表開會，廣場總指揮柴玲和五位常委要求辭職，柴玲表示她身體弱，不適合再當總指揮。她並且呼籲各代表要爭取民主的目標努力，不要爭權奪利。柴玲向未有出席廣場指揮工作，從兩天才開始安撫該部。

絕食行動由一個全國各族人民及各界人士組成的籌組團設天秩委起，號召學生及其他人士於今日在人民大會堂及新華門外絕食，預料會有一千至五千人參與絕食。

天安門廣場的學生廣播昨晚呼籲參加今日絕食的同學報名，暫時未透報名參者的學生有多少。

北京正開中央預備會議 趙紫陽可免除嚴峻彈劾

(時事社北京二十九日電) 此間專通消息人士透露，中央委員會全體會議的預備會議正在北京召開，這是為了預料在週初召開的中央委員會全體會議，對趙紫陽會起的解職決議案，能獲致全會一致通過，做為輿論工作的一個環節。

由於基層幹部對趙紫陽被解職很反感，因此較早的黨內文件對其所用的「反革命」、「反黨集團」等的嚴峻彈劾詞句已被消除，而改變使用「違反四項基本原則」等較為柔軟的表現，希望會上得到通過。

日前，黨中央對各委員是採取以充分時間進行個別說服方式，希望達成全會一致接受趙紫陽解職決議，所以全體會議可能在今起的三日內舉行。

彭眞强調統一思想工人領導

(快報採訪組北京報道) 前人大委員長彭真昨日以中央代表的身份向民主黨派人發言，將今次的學潮定性為「資產階級自由化」，認為解決的方法，是要統一思想，堅持憲法第一條規定，即工人階級是領導階級，工農聯盟是基礎。(彭真講話全文刊第四版)

他又說，解放軍入京，「決不是來對付學生的」，而是對付「極少數極少數」的「陰謀家」、「壞人」。

彭真的講話，與上兩張貼和李先念的講話，均有一個共同特點，就是提到有關思想的問題。而在這問題上，三人相較，語氣是一步比一步緊。陳雲說，今次的學運是放鬆了馬克思主義的思想教育，削弱了黨的思想政治工作，故要維持安定團結。

談到統一思想，彭真說要以「憲法和法律為準繩來統一思想」。他說：「不能再像『文化大革命』那樣『和尚打傘，無法無天』了。」難道老頭還沒有吃夠嗎？還要讓其歷史重演嗎？我說絕不，決不是主張懲辦無辜的學生和其他善良的人們，對他們不存在進行制裁的問題。至於對極少數陰謀家、壞人，另當別論。解放軍決不是來對付學生的。」

至於有關憲法和法律的規定，他說：「憲法第一條規定，中華人民共和國是工人階級領導的，不是資產階級領導的，也不是工人階級和資產階級共同領導平分天下；是以工農聯盟為基礎的，不是以別的什麼階級、階層為基礎的；是人民民主專政，不是資產階級專政，更不是地主階級專政，是社會主義國家，不是資本主義國家。在我國搞資產階級自由化的行動是違憲的，也是違背全國各族人民根本利益和黨的主張的。黨的十二屆六中全會決議明確指出：「搞資產階級自由化，即否定社會主義制度，主張資本主義制度，是根本違背人民利益和歷史潮流，為廣大人民所堅決反對的。」統一思想，這是綱，這一條不解決，思想不可能統一，問題無法解決，黨內的問題也是發生在這裏。

出席彭真座談會的，包括了民革中央主席朱學範、民盟中央主席費孝通、民建中央名譽主席胡厥文、民進中央名譽主席葉聖陶、九三學社中央名譽主席嚴濟慈、全國工商聯主席榮毅仁。

必須堅持四項基本原則。

李先念在昨日的發言，則說學運是「堅持四項基本原則，反對資產階級自由化的正確方針，沒有得到很好的貫徹實行」。

昨天，彭真的講話發展成了再進一步的提出了：「統一思想」，這是鼓吹一的口號來，因此，若今次學運令到開放派的支持者落台，保守派得勢的話，從幾名元老的說話中，不難看到中國知識分子可能再遇到一場浩劫，中國亦可能再走上自我封閉之路。

彭真的講話一開始就肯定學生遊行的動機是好的，純潔的、善良的、建設性的，目的是為了克服工作中的缺點失誤，把國家的事情、社會主義事業辦得更好，把學生區分了出來。

首都工人組成自治會
婦聯表態効忠中央

(快報採訪組北京報道) 首都工人自治聯合會已於昨日正式成立，而目前該會成員仍未受到有關方面的騷擾。

雖然首都目前有傳言指政府已開始逮捕工人，但首都工人自治聯合會表示，該會的成員未有被捕，不過他們總部外卻常有便衣公安人員監視。而昨日市政府更第五次以保護文物為理由，要求他們撤出天安門城樓後的總部。

自治會負責人說，他們現時力量主要在學校裡，與政府對壘，仍可逗留大學，他表示，初步組織工作已完成，在昨天會員大會上，自治會已正式成立，下階段任務是爭取群眾基礎。

不過中共共青團及全國婦聯昨日公開表態，支持李鵬楊尚昆在首都黨、政、軍會議的講話，中央電視台昨晚在新聞聯播報道，共青團中央就學習李鵬與楊尚昆的講話向中央提出報告，報告說，五月二十日以來，共青團中央分別召開了書記處會議和機關各部門直屬單位主要負責人會議，討論內容為五月十九日李鵬與楊尚昆在首都黨政軍大會的講話。

各出席成員都表示堅決擁護黨中央、國務院所作的重要決定，他們並一致認為，共青團作為黨的助手，在這緊急關頭裡，要團結在黨中央周圍，堅決擁護……

醜陋的衰木嘴臉！
任監察組頭目加強控制傳媒
報導學運新一期瞭望被銷毀

(路透社北京廿九日電) 一個多星期前介國爭取更大自由的中共官方傳播媒介，現在又面臨死硬派共黨政府的新壓制。

但中共的新聞從業員周一表示，他們現時向當局發動一種「游擊戰」，利用有限的自由去批評所見所聞。

國務院總理李鵬九日前宣布戒嚴令後，軍隊已進駐中央電視台，官方人民日報和新華社。

新聞從業員表示，解放軍已加強滲駐新聞通訊社，雖然他們是守衛新聞機構而不是實行新聞檢查。

國家電視台周一宣布一項法令，警告傳媒必須反對「資產階級自由化」。

其他的中共記者表示：「電視新聞宣布員已被更換，或是被指示不要愁容滿面。」

一名電視台記者表示：「在我們決定是否能夠實播一段新聞之前，我們現時會先行作五次獨立的檢討。」

一個由國務院發言人袁木為首的五人傳媒監察小組已告成立，指導新聞報道。每個新聞機構亦已成立了內部監察。

大約四十萬本最新一期的官方雜誌「瞭望」星期一被銷毀，因為該刊特寫報道天安門廣場的示威學生。

官方新聞機構的從業員表示，從星期一起，他們都被要參加意識形態的會議。

衆叛親離●脫黨成風
李鵬不下台・會有集體行動

(快報採訪組北京報道) 北京著名詩人「將軍，你不能這樣做」作者葉文福，在本月十八日北京全市大遊行中，發出退黨的聲明後，近日北京多間高等院校，紛紛出現黨員退黨的要求，據悉，有一批人正醞釀在黨員，若李鵬七月中還不下台，就集體退黨。

中國社會科學院哲學研究所助理研究員蕭陽日前在研究所內張貼大字報，提出退黨要求。他說：「黨組堅跟黨中央偉大戰略部署與潮中，本人深感身體不支，為了建設「所處」中央的決策，影響部隊執行神聖戒嚴令，防止北京的首都已經出現了基本的混亂進一步加劇，本人鄭重聲明，退出中國共產黨，這是迫不得已的。」（旁為楊尚昆說話所用詞。）

北京市北大美術系教師朱盈亦於同日在校院內張貼退黨聲明。中央美術學院學生賈西林等三人較早前表示對共產黨失望宣告退黨。

社會科學院部分同學估計，雖然目前仍未有什麼回響，但他們估計退黨的潮流將會漸起。

事實上，據消息透露，目前有一批人正展開聯絡工作，假若七月份中國國內局勢仍如今天一般，李鵬還未下台，即會發動大批黨員退黨。

走出街上喊出夢想
學生領袖頓成英雄

特稿

二十一歲的年紀，在香港是做夢年華，說話變變，遊遊個白日夢，可是，北京學生所追的夢卻比他年青人更有意義，他們帶着夢想走到街上遊行，坐在天安門廣場上絕食，以行動來喊出夢想：爭取民主、打倒貪污。但是，這被喚起的大學生，他們對今次學運的看法又如何？北京學生運動的領袖之一沈彤說，大部分參加今次學運的學生對民主的概念很模糊，但他們在今次運動中亦學到不少。至於他自己也是如此。

二十一歲的沈彤，是北京大學生物系三年級學生。他與另一位領袖吾爾開希不同，吾爾開希是突然間變成英雄，突然間投入民主運動，沈彤卻不是，他參加民主運動是從小就開始。

沈彤的父親是北京市政府幹部，媽媽是醫生，他的父親與媽媽都在北京大學畢業，而且都經常參加各種民主運動，沈彤說，他的家庭很講民主，父母跟他說什麼事也跟他商量。

沈彤說有些東西不能光從書本上學到，例如民主、自由等必須要花時間與實踐才體會得到。他過去亦曾參加學運，在八五年中學時期，他親眼往北大探望正在唸大學的姊姊，在八六、八七年前的反資產階級自由化運動他也有參加，之後便活躍於校園的各種政治活動組織中。

直至去年，沈彤在學校的小組中討論中國政治的時間就更多了，他指出，很多人都有種預兆，就是八九年會有重大的運動發生，但誰也沒想到學運突然會弄得那麼浩蕩，不過，至少他的社團，以及今次學運另一位領袖王丹的社團都相信今年肯定會有大學潮，因為這一年面對的問題已累積到最嚴重，每個人的心中都有強烈的不滿的情緒，隨時會爆發，況且，今年為五四運動七十周年，共產黨建國四十年，法國大革命二百多周年，在今年開始各地都有小運動發生，在心理上，他們都已有準備，故任何一個小運動都有可能引發為大的運動，今次學生運動就是其中的導火線，且各界的人都同情學生，那種感情出同情而生自傳，因此就將內心的不滿，走到街上聲援學生，宣洩自己對社會與政治的強烈不滿。

現在學潮爆發了，學運的一致理想是中國推行民主，打倒官倒，究竟沈彤對民主的了解有多少呢？今次學運的發展影響又是什麼呢？

他認為，今次民主運動的最大意義不在於它具體上得到些什麼，它的最大意義在於民主的自我教育過程，因為中國幾千年來是一個封建社會，由一個朝代換上另一個朝代，由一種暴力換上另一種暴力；中國是一個沒有國家，他不根據時間的變化而變化，如果推翻現在的政府，換上另一個新的政府，她在開始時可能很好，但到後來還是一樣差勁。

因此，沈彤認為改革中國最根本的方法不是推翻現政府，不是中國幾千年來的農民革命，而是政治體制的改革，通過這種運動，不斷樹立新的權力機關，以改變政府的體制，若體制不變，就是打倒了現在的李鵬，另一個李鵬還會上來，打倒了現有的官僚，還有新的官僚出現。

遷址啓事

本報將於一九八九年五月二十九日起遷往以下新址：

香港鰂魚涌華蘭路14號，
益新工業大廈13字樓
電話：3-653535
圖文傳真：5-650396(廣告部/會計部)
5-658716/5-657280(編輯部)

快報啓

官地拍賣成交價「令人滿意」
物業市道未受學潮影響
旅協主席表示對本港旅遊業也影響不大

人大常委霍英東談國是
盼盡快開人大緊急會議
早日聽到各方面意見了解真象判斷是非


霍英東答記者問

支持學運 要求民主
傷殘人士遊行
到新華分社門前靜坐

何欲何求？民主自由！
傷殘人士的遊行隊伍

油塘千人集會遊行
發表四點聲明 支持愛國行動
太古汽水廠職工會也發表聲明


油塘居民的遊行隊伍

中大教職員成立愛國會
計劃長期支援中國民運
昨招待記者報告籌備四項工作

演藝界人士表希望
和平解決緊張局面
如處理不當將使所有華人心痛

共創美好明天



北京學生的愛國民主運動，大大地喚發了港人的民主愛國熱情，可另一方面，北京時局的動向，亦令不少人對香港可能會受到的影響而感到困惑及不安。

一疑犯被帶往大潭水塘協助撈槍

警破租槍集團
捕獲十二人三人昨提堂
並到大潭水塘撈槍未果

支援北京學生捐款 擬成立委員會管理

攜帶該會第二批捐款 教聯理事長今赴京
將直接與高校自治聯會聯繫

停車場鐵架掛腐屍 電表房一男子倒斃
尖沙咀秀茂坪兩宗神秘命案

South China Morning Post

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$26m dilemma – how to distribute donations to students

By CHRIS YEUNG and JOHN TANG

HONGKONG supporters of the democracy movement in China are facing a serious dilemma: How to spend or distribute the $26 million which has flooded in to help mainland students.

They are also anxious to know whether funding the activities of mainland students will be considered as supporting "counter-revolutionary" activities by Beijing.

A prominent Hongkong barrister late last week made a secret delivery of $150,000 in cash to student leaders at Tiananmen Square.

The delivery is only a fraction of the donations which have taken organisers of various fund-raising campaigns by surprise, and which continue to arrive.

Mr Daniel Fung, an executive member of the Bar Association, agreed to act as a courier for the Hongkong Alliance in Support of the Patriotic Democratic Movement in China.

He disclosed last night that he had handed the money to a student leader on Friday.

"It wasn't clandestine but we didn't want to publicise it beforehand. The fear was that there might be difficulty in getting the money through."

Mr Fung said that he had considered calling off the money drop at one point, after Chinese leaders accused "a very small number of people" of being "counter-revolutionary".

A number of other personal deliveries – comprising cash and supplies such as tents, sleeping bags, food and dried goods worth about $1 million – have been made by student representatives in recent days.

But yesterday, a delegation from the student body decided to hold back a cash delivery to the students in Beijing, following claims of corruption and misuse of funds among student leaders.

Last night, the Alliance met to discuss details of a trust fund to be formed this week to manage and use the money which has been placed in a bank account.

The Alliance has collected more than $12 million through sponsorship of the marathon concert at the Royal Hongkong Jockey Club on Saturday.

The rest of the $26 million collected has mainly been raised by various groups including the Hongkong Federation of Students (HKFS), April 5 Action, the left-wing Federation of Education Workers, and the Federation of Trade Unions.

The HKFS has set up the China Democratic Fund, which has reached the $10 million mark, and is considering merging it with the Alliance's fund.

Secretary-General of the HKFS, Mr Andrew To Kwan-hang, said the group was considering whether to set up an office in China, possibly in Shanghai, to co-ordinate delivery of necessities to the students.

The office, to be manned by mainland students, would also function as an information centre to promote the democratic movement on the mainland and in Hongkong, he said.

Mr To said he was aware of the concern that their escalated activities in China would be seen as being involved in the power struggle in Zhongnanhai leadership.

"But we aim to boost democracy. There will be risk, but we shall go ahead anyway. We are prepared," he said.

Legislator Martin Lee Chu-ming, a core member of the Alliance, said the huge sum collected had to be held until the political crisis in China had settled down.

Mr Lee, a prominent barrister and leading democrat, said: "It may pose a problem if the entire student movement is outlawed. There have been indications that the students have been accused of being counter-revolutionary.

"Anybody bringing in money to China could be accused of aiding and abetting the students and, in Hongkong terms, this could mean

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 8)

Peng Zhen challenges Deng rule

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

A STRONGMAN in China's Old Guard has come out to challenge the supremacy of senior leader Deng Xiaoping.

Retired law and order advocate, Mr Peng Zhen, was shown on television yesterday defending Mr Deng's decision to impose martial law on Beijing.

But he dissociated himself from the hard line Mr Deng has taken on the student movement, describing the students' motive as "good, pure, wholesome and constructive . . ."

Mr Peng's sudden emergence is interpreted as a signal that the 86-year-old leader, whose health is better than that of Mr Deng, 84, is seeking to replace Mr Deng as the supreme patriarch of the party.

As Mr Peng was shown on television, a special meeting of the Communist Party Central Committee failed to arrive at a unanimous verdict on the mistakes allegedly made by General Secretary Zhao Ziyang in handling the student movement.

Members of the party's Central Committee were divided over whether to brand Mr Zhao and his associates as a "counter-revolutionary" and "anti-party" clique.

Only about 100 members, including some Politburo leaders, attended the special session. Mr Zhao and his associates were absent.

Analysts said a full session of full and alternate members of the Central Committee was not called because Mr Deng was not sure of the support he could get.

Sources close to the Central Committee said the majority of those attending the session agreed that Mr Zhao was no longer fit to be party General Secretary but they were opposed to labelling Mr Zhao's words and deeds as counter-revolutionary and anti-party.

Mr Peng's televised appearance was recorded from a meeting last Friday with vice-chairmen of the National People's Congress (NPC), of which he was a past chairman.

The incumbent chairman, Mr Wan Li, is now in Shanghai reportedly under house arrest.

Mr Peng supported Mr Deng's stand that the student movement had given rise to socio-political turmoil.

Yet he also expressed views on the student movement and on the political process that are opposed to those of Mr Deng.

The former NPC chairman began his speech, entitled *United Thoughts Through the Constitution and the Law*, by defending Mr Deng's assertion that the student movement was an instant of "social turmoil".

Defending Mr Deng's decision to impose martial law, Mr Peng pointed out that "an extremely small minority of conspirators have taken advantage of the student movement to create social turmoil".

He said the constitution had conferred upon the State Council the authority to declare martial law on parts of the nation's cities and provinces.

But Mr Peng also noted that "the motive of the students' rallies is good, pure, wholesome and constructive" and that the students' aim was to overcome the mistakes and shortcomings of the work of the party and Government and to improve the affairs of state and the social enterprises.

Analysts said he had subtly tried to build a bridge to the students as well as to various social sectors who support the campus activists.

Throughout his speech, Mr Peng has sought to emphasise the primacy of the rule of law.

"We must unite our thoughts with facts as basis

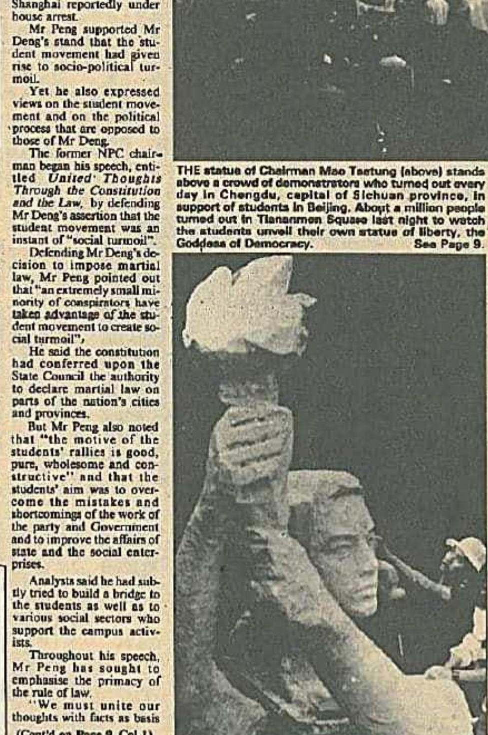
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Peng Zhen

INSIDE



Sarah Lock



THE statue of Chairman Mao Tsetung (above) stands above a crowd of demonstrators who turned out every day in Chengdu, capital of Sichuan province, in support of students in Beijing. About a million people turned out in Tiananmen Square last night to watch the students unveil their own statue of liberty, the Goddess of Democracy. See Page 9.

Pressure to extend Basic Law talks

By CHRIS YEUNG

EXECUTIVE members of the Basic Law Consultative Committee (BLCC) will meet this week to decide whether to seek an extension to the consultation period, which was suspended due to the political uncertainties in China.

The 19-member committee will meet on Saturday to discuss extending the five-month consultation process, scheduled to end in July.

Should it seek an extension, the final decision would rest with the Chinese National People's Congress which will hold its next full plenum on June 20.

Pressure to lengthen the consultation period follows growing support for a radical rethink of the conservative political blueprint contained in the revised draft in the wake of the political situation in China.

Last week, unofficial members of the Legislative and Executive Councils unanimously decided to speed up the process of democratic reform by calling for the entire Legislative Council to be directly elected by 2003.

A BLCC spokesman said: "There are still a lot of uncertainties. We've stopped all the publicity such as television ads. But we still receive submissions from the public."

"The executive committee will meet more frequently to review the whole situation. It's likely that members will raise the possibility of asking for an extension of the consultation period although any decision has to be made by the Chinese National People's Congress (NPC) standing committee.

"Even the drafters cannot decide it," she said.

A number of local drafters, however, maintained the five-month-long consultative exercise needed to be lengthened to allow for more debate.

Left-wing trade unionist Tam Yiu-chung said: "It's absolutely necessary. A number of key provisions in the Basic Law draft have to be reconsidered by taking into account the recent student movement in China."

Apart from the political system, he said there was a lack of detailed provisions

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 7)

Hopewell abandons $3.8 billion rights issue

HOPEWELL Holdings yesterday called off Hongkong's biggest fund raising exercise because of political unrest in China and the recent collapse of the stock market.

The Hang Seng Index rose 79.34 points to 2,845.01 yesterday, but it has still fallen 14 per cent over the past two weeks.

The underwriters decided to call off Hopewell's $3.8 billion rights issue because shareholders were being asked to pay $2.60 for new shares which can be bought in the market for just $2.475. When the record rights issue was announced in April the shares were trading at $3.30.

Hopewell managing director Gordon Wu had promised to take up 60 per cent of the new shares and yesterday he claimed most of the 13 underwriters had wanted to go ahead, but that nervous sub-underwriters had persuaded them to call it off.

"Most of the underwriters said they did not want to see a lot of dead bodies floating around," he said.

The stock market received a boost yesterday with the news that three sites auctioned by the Government were bought for prices in line with analysts expectations.

The sites on sale were relatively small – two have been earmarked for industrial or warehouse use while the third is a low-density residential plot in the New Territories – and raised just $200 million for the Government.

The two industrial sites were snapped up by local tycoon Robert Ng, head of the Sino Land property group.

"We look beyond 1997, and even the political movement in Beijing could not affect our confidence in Hongkong," he said.

● See Business Post

20pc cut in forces proposed by Bush

From DAVID WALLEN in Brussels and agencies

PRESIDENT George Bush last night surprised the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) Allies and seized the arms control initiative away from Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev by presenting a cut of 20 per cent in American forces based in Europe.

The package, twice the size of that expected, should be agreed to within six months and implemented by 1992 or 1993.

Mr Bush told the NATO 40th anniversary summit in Brussels that the move – which he called a "noble mission" – was aimed at wresting the arms initiative away from the Soviet Union, appeasing defence budget cutters in the US Congress, and helping the survival of the shaky West German coalition.

NATO leaders endorsed in principle Mr Bush's move.

Mr Bush said the four main points of his package are:

● A 20 per cent cut in US combat forces stationed in Europe.

● A manpower ceiling for both US and Soviet troops in Europe of 275,000. The United States currently has about 305,000 soldiers stationed there, but only about half are combat troops. He said the proposals would cut Soviet forces in Eastern Europe by 325,000 men.

● New ceilings on tanks, armoured troop carriers and artillery for NATO and the Warsaw Pact, with any equipment which is withdrawn being destroyed.

● A reduction in attack and transport helicopters and land-based combat aircraft by both sides to 15 per cent below current NATO levels. NATO had previously said aircraft and helicopters should be left until later in the negotiations.

The 16 NATO Allies – who are divided over the modernisation of nuclear weapons when they should be celebrating their anniversary – had expected cuts of up to 10 per cent in the 340,000 US troops in Europe.

The package will be presented to the Soviet Union at the new Vienna talks aimed at cutting conventional forces in Europe.

"If the Soviet Union ac-

(Cont'd on Page 19, Col 1)

Crisis as flood of boat people worsens

By FIONA MACMAHON

THE arrival yesterday of 863 boat people in a fleet of 21 boats – the biggest single-day influx so far this year – signals a new crisis for Hongkong.

The Government is faced with its most serious accommodation crisis, with refugee officials scrambling to find space to house the 1,591 boat people who have been detained in the past two days.

For now all the new Vietnamese arrivals will be housed in a tent at Whitehead detention centre or on Stonecutters Island alongside the four ferries that again have been pressed into service since last Thursday.

But this option only gives the Government another 3,000 spaces and officials admit that they will probably be forced to try and find something else within a week.

Yesterday's 863 eclipses Sunday's record 748 arrivals, giving further credence to fears that arrivals in June and July will escalate as conditions on the South China Sea improve.

So far this month 8,208 Vietnamese have arrived, almost three times the number in May last year and more than 3,000 above Government predictions.

The arrival rate this year represents a 150 per cent increase over the same period last year when 18,000 Vietnamese landed in Hongkong.

The decision to use tents at Whitehead detention centre and on Stonecutters Island was made yesterday at one of the regular "urgent" accommodation meetings.

Tents were chosen despite the fact that like ferries they have to be vacated in a typhoon.

Refugee Co-ordinator Mike Hanson said this had to be done because the Government had run out of accommodation.

Only three weeks ago the Government bowed to local opposition and decided not to proceed with plans to use a disused housing estate – Four Seasons Estate in Tsuen Wan – for the Vietnamese refugees, thereby freeing Shamshuipo as a detention centre to house the massive influx.

They have managed to juggle the Vietnamese and cram people into camps thereby freeing Shamshuipo but the crisis is such that the 5,000 places have only provided a temporary respite.

The Government's failure to implement plans such as those of the Four Seasons Estate two weeks ago means that it has to fall back on what are unsuitable accommodation plans.

Mr Hanson hedged the question of whether tents were a good way to house people.

"We are running out of accommodation and have to react quickly," he said.

Omelco Security Panel

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INDEX

WEATHER

Cloudy with some showers.
Max temp 27 degrees.
See Page 2.

Government to amend loitering law

By JACQUELINE LEE

THE Government has bowed to pressure to amend the controversial loitering law, which civil libertarians say infringes an individual's right to remain silent.

Amendments being drafted by the Legal Department will shift the burden of proof to the police to show he has reason to suspect a person's behaviour before charging him or her with a loitering offence.

Under current legislation, the onus is placed on the suspect to explain his presence to the police. Those who fail to give a satisfactory account on the spot will face prosecution.

The amendment follows a review requested 15 months ago by the former Chief Justice, Sir Denys Roberts, and the former Attorney-General, Mr Michael Thomas, to pinpoint any loopholes in the loitering law.

A nine-member task force, led by Executive and Legislative Councillor Mrs Rosanna Tam Wong Yick-ming, was formed under the Law Reform Commission (LRC) in February last year to examine the contentious provision.

Crime-fighters have seen the legislation, which compels a person found loitering by police in a public place to explain his presence, as a powerful weapon in crime prevention.

But lawyers have criticised the law as infringing the common law right of a suspect to remain silent and have asked for its abolition.

Concern has also been raised about possible abuse of the law by police. It is feared that once it is made an offence to refuse to provide information, people who are not articulate and who are afraid of the police could be taken advantage of.

The LRC sub-committee has the option to either abolish or amend the law, or retain the provision as it is.

Sources said the group, comprising crime-fighters and legal professionals, was split between the two options of amendment or an outright repeal.

One source said the amendments now in the works were far from final and a repeal might stand if the limitations to the police's power could not be satisfactorily legislated.

All members recognised the law's value in combatting crime before it was actually committed, the source said. "But there must be some limitations if you really want better protection for the rights of individuals," the source said.

It is hoped that the new law will be accompanied by a schedule of offences such

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 7)

東方日報

香港政府特許刊登法律性質廣告之有效刊物

銷量讀者全港最多 廣告效力公認最大

督印及承印：東方報業集團有限公司

中華民國七十八年(一九八九) 五月 30 星期二 己巳年四月廿六日

出紙十四大張 零售二元

北京改溫和態度收拾大局
李鵬離總理位改任總書記







安撫知識分子．紓解僵持局面
趙紫陽可望仍留黨中央
閻明復將任政治局常委

【本報訊】據一位知情人士透露：因學潮觸發的中共高層政治鬥爭，結果已逐漸明朗化。中共總書記趙紫陽的總書記及政治局常委職位將被免去，但中共高層最新給予他的「罪名」就一降再降，由軍委主席鄧小平原先所指的「反黨集團總後台」，改為「分裂黨中央」。

反戒嚴令 再向當局施壓
新行動．今日又遊行
再絕食．工農齊參加

多個城市趨平靜

李鵬要徹查外力煽學運

民主之神．今日安身

無票乘車亂象仍存
鐵道部門呼籲學生不要進京

涉及中國合作項目 日商表明必將推遲

美記者採訪違反戒嚴令已受到警告

殺雞用牛刀．謎團終解開
圍城大軍配備導彈 旨在對付部隊兵變

彭真出來講話 否定文革作風
學生動機純正．手段欠妥
強調法制．反對無法無天

（綜合北京二十九日電）新任人大常委會委員長彭真受中共中央委託，於五月二十六日下午邀請全國人大常委會副委員長中的民主黨派、工商聯負責人座談時發表了講話。

彭真指出，這次學生遊行的動機是好的、純潔的、善良的、愛國的，目的是為了克服工作中的缺點失誤，把國家的事情、社會主義事業辦得更好，這同我們的要求是一致的。但是，他們所採取的手段、方式不大妥當。

情況．令人擔心 使人沮喪！
鈔票困擾．有人向錢看
外地學生．廣場稱老大

要求香港捐款暫勿北送

廣場現狀衛生差秩序亂

明報·1989年5月30日 星期二

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閻明復受命收拾殘局 答允出任政治局常委

趙紫陽減罪改爲「分裂黨中央」

社評：大風波後三不可

喬石談天安門廣場學生問題

軍隊圍城是威懾 適當時機要清場

便衣警察今晨出動 拘捕與學生有關者

學生倡議剃光頭 抗議李鵬無法無天

已收各方捐款超過三百萬人民幣

廣場出現貪污腐化現象 學生擬設小組監督財政

今凌晨數萬羣衆圍觀 「民主之神」抵天安門

港學聯九十萬現款 暫不交給總指揮部

滬學生發動空校行動 到九月新學年才復課

五一九震盪第三天又再開腔

李鵬再强調學運是動亂 搞事者分三線長期作戰

趙紫陽是林彪的人？ 楊尚昆向軍方吹風如是說

且看姚依林打蘇聯牌

*夏畫

傳單滿天飛

*石柳子

香港時報
第一四五二二號
HONG KONG TIMES
承印：東南印務出版社
今日出紙四大張零售二元

今日新聞提要

一、政院人事異動，刊第一版。
二、我發展第二代IDF戰機，刊第三版。
三、中大教職員呼籲港人小心研究「基本法」，刊第十六版。
四、一九九九年九龍區病床充分供應，刊第十五版。
五、港府不批准世華銀行購買恒隆銀行，刊第四版。

立院今投票 閣揆同意票
李煥夙孚衆望預料提名必獲高票通過
政院部會首長將異動

【台北二十九日中央社電】立法院將在明天對行政院長提名人李煥行使同意權，一般預料，李煥將可以高票獲得同意，出任第十三任行政院長。

立法院在上週五的院會中作成決議，將在明天上午舉行全院委員會審查李煥出任閣揆的資格，並在下午的院會中進行投票，行使同意權。

對權爭感迷惑靜觀其變而後動
戈不滿中共鎮壓學運
決暫緩與平經濟合作

中共高層政治小動作 人事走勢露端倪
彭真約晤「人大副委員長」
萬里現任職務岌岌可危！

平學生工農知識分子 計劃今日起重新絕食
港「學聯」携捐款暫緩交北平學生

中共開始抓人 傳有工人被拘
包遵信接警告信

明顯針對美表態 李鵬警告外國 勿干中共內務

權力勢將被保守派架空 鄧小平自斬左右手 背腹受敵最大輸家

北平八大藝術院校 搭塑「民主之神」像 天安門廿萬人圍觀



三民主義大同盟 公開信聲援學運
會議通過長期支援民運計劃決議

堅持專制統治態度未稍改 中共強加諸學運罪名 與天安門事件同一轍

受委託會晤七位副委員長

彭眞講以憲法爲準繩 堅持法治不能搞人治

要愛護學生制止動亂恢復秩序

【新華社北京二十九日電】彭眞同志受中共中央委託，於五月二十六日下午邀請全國人大常委會副委員長中的民主黨派、工商聯負責人座談。彭眞同志在座談會上作了重要講話（全文見另版）。

彭眞同志在講話中指出，這次學生遊行的動機是好的、純潔的、善良的、建設性的，工作中的缺點失誤，把國家的事情、社會主義事業辦得更好，這同我們的要求是一致的。……所採取的手段、方式不大妥當。他們對法律不熟悉或不很熟悉，他們缺乏政治經驗，……謀家、壞人，乘機製造動亂的險惡用心警惕不夠。我們這些老同志有責任幫助他們，必須以事實爲根據，以憲法和法律爲準繩來統一思想。彭眞同志就有關的憲法和法……

朱學範費孝通等指出 要認眞對待學生要求

丁關根和閻明復同參加座談

傳嚴家其絕食 其妻當即否認

北京千人又準備絕食

與靜坐學生呼應　據說有名人參加

美國電話電報公司和飛利浦 美荷在滬辦合資企業 製光纖數字通信設備

昨在合同簽字　投資千四百萬美元

【新華社上海二十九日電】世界著名的兩家跨國公司——美國電話電報公司和荷蘭飛利浦公司的合資企業，在上海投資興建中國第一家生產光纖數字通信設備廠，今天在這裏的華亭賓館舉行合同簽字儀式。

美荷合資的這家電話電報國際網絡系統公司財務經理施爾普對新華社記者說，他的公司在中國投資具有信心，中國有廣闊的市場和良好的經濟環境。從長遠看，中國的對外開放將會越來越擴大。

這位經理說，他的公司的一個十二人代表團，專程前來上海參加今天的儀式。

他告訴記者，他的公司股份中，美國電話電報公司的投資佔百分之八十五，荷蘭飛利浦公司投資佔百分之十五。總公司設在荷蘭。他說，飛利浦公司在中國大陸迄今已投資開設了十一家合資企業，而美國電話電報公司是首次在中國投資建立合資企業。

他說，美、荷兩家擁有較強的高技術。他相信在上海建立的這家合資公司一定會成爲一流的企業，並爲中國建設現代化通信事業作出貢獻。

美、荷和中國合資的這家上海公司總投資爲一千四百五十萬美元，中外雙方各佔百分之五十，期限爲二十五年，設在上海新開闢的漕河涇新興技術開發區內。根據合同規定，它將引進美國和荷蘭的先進技術，生產各種光纖傳輸設備和數字複接設備等十六個品種的產品，產品的制式、性能將完全符合國際標準。這些產品除百分之二十五由外方返銷國際市場外，其餘將滿足中國市場的需求。

據上海外經委的不完全統計，進入五月份以來，外商在上海的直接投資共批准了十七個項目，總金額三千多萬美元，比上月增長約一倍。這些投資者來自美國、日本、新加坡、荷蘭、香港，其中美國佔第一位，日本第二。至此，上海批准外商投資企業共六百三十一家，吸收外資二十三點六億多美元。

七米高石膏塑像「民主之神」送抵廣場

由北京八間藝術院校學生塑造

【本報北京二十九日電】一座象徵民主——「民主之神」的七米高的塑像，今天屹立在天安門廣場上。這座七米高的「民主之神」，頭部面向左方，雙手握着火把，雕塑工作由北京八間藝術院校負責，主要由中央美術學院雕塑系花了五天時間雕塑而成，內模是泡沫石膏凝固而成，頭、身及腳三部份，……

有關學生今晚七時許便在天安門廣場內搭起支撐塑像的外架。數以萬計的市民從四面八方來到天安門廣場，參加「民主之神」的落成典禮。由於市民太多，糾察隊一時也難以控制混亂的情況，後來，負責指揮的同學告誡市民和學生要自覺，以防有人搗亂，在塑像周圍的市民、學生和記者都自覺地坐下。

這座塑像落成典禮要明日早上六時左右才能舉行。

高七米的「民主之神」塑像將放置在天安門廣場（本報北京傳真）

香港專上學聯捐款暫未交予北京學生

【本報北京二十九日電】香港專上學生聯會一批代表，受託帶來學聯收到的捐款港幣九十萬元、「四五行動」捐款港幣五十萬元，以及民促會何俊仁委託帶的人民幣十八萬元，希望交給廣場學生。但學聯副秘書長吳小英表示，抵京後，發覺廣場指揮部財政部未有人與他們聯絡，而他們亦看到廣場內沒有完善的財政組織，故暫時沒有把捐款交給學生。他們將會待學生設立一個認可的財政組織後，才交出捐款。

她表示，他們將與學聯的常委聯絡，建議把學聯收到的一半捐款用來購買帳幕、被鋪食品和藥品給學生，他們認爲學生更需要這些物資，而廣場物資供應處內有十多名香港學生協助工作，她認爲是可以信任的。

對於廣場學生組織出現的混亂情況，她表示，希望學生組織工作能繼續完善。由於學聯成立的基金，是用以支持全國學生運動的發展，故收到的捐款不應僅給北京學生。

聶帥紀念館在梅縣落成

學生擬設監察小組 解決收支混亂問題

封從德承認財政不健全有貪污跡象　贊同把捐款交物資處購買物資

湘魯學生陸續復課 暨大教學恢復正常

六名參加絕食的暨大學生已康復

北京鐵路客運秩序漸告正常

鐵道部呼籲學生不要上京

惠州大橋建成通車

廣場秩序日益混亂

廷光

財委複雜　捐款無人收

衞生差劣　骯已遍地

哈佛拼學運旗幟聖潔

廣場學生繼續減少 外省學生佔達九成

港人捐贈百個帳幕近開始使用



新搭帳篷

彭眞在座談會講話（全文）